Residents’ Entitlement to Vote in General Elections

With the forthcoming General Election, issues are likely to arise regarding the ability of care home residents to vote.

The following briefing summarises the Statutory Regulations.

The Representation of the People Act 2000 ("RPA 2000") provides that a person is entitled to vote if they are registered in the register of electors. A person is entitled to be registered in the register of electors of a constituency if they are resident there.

They must also not be subject to any legal incapacity to vote – a person will be legally barred from voting under common law if they do not have the requisite mental capacity.¹

Care home residents shall be regarded as resident for voting purposes and be entitled to be registered for voting in the constituency of the care home, if the likely length of their stay is sufficient for them to be regarded as resident. The RPA 2000 provides no clarification as to what length of time is likely to be “sufficient” and this is, therefore, a subjective question to be decided on the facts of the individual case. Many residents will of course be permanently resident in their care home and thus entitled to vote there (assuming they have capacity).

A care home resident may also be registered at his home address or other “residence” and, if he has no other residence, may make a “declaration of local connection” under S7B. This specifies the address in the UK where he would reside if he were not at the care home or, if none, a place where he has previously resided within the UK. This declaration must be sent to a registration officer within three months of the date of the declaration. Where such a declaration is in force, a resident shall be regarded as resident at the address specified within the declaration and entitled to register to vote there, rather than at the care home.

While a resident may legally leave the home to attend a polling station, there are clearly risk management issues that arise for the frail or those with limited (albeit sufficient) capacity. Furthermore, patients detained under the MHA 1983 may only vote by post or by proxy (if so entitled)². They may not vote by the grant of S.17 leave.

Andrew Parsons
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For more information on Care Home Law contact Andrew Parsons at RadcliffesLeBrasseur on 020 7227 7282, or email: andrew.parsons@rlb-law.com.

Out of office emergency advice available 24hrs on 07802 506 306.

Readers are advised to take specific advice before acting in reliance on the matters set out in this briefing. Future editions can be received by email. Please e-mail: marketing@rlb-law.com or telephone 020 7227 7476.

¹ S.3 RPA 2000
² S.5A Representation of the People Act 1985